





Wetland management provides numerous climate co-benefits. Healthy wetlands serve as natural buffers against extreme events like storm surges and flooding, while also enhancing water and food security and fostering resilience to climate change. Although our understanding of the significant climate co-benefits of wetlands has advanced, their potential for climate action remains unrecognised.

To address this, a tiered approach has been developed to evaluate the roles of wetland protection, management, and restoration in climate change adaptation and disaster risk reduction (DRR). Deepening the understanding of these co-benefits can:

- Improve the design and implementation of programmes and policies.
- Facilitate access to funding at both national and international levels.
- Report progress toward national climate targets.

Tiered approach for assessment of climate change adaptation co-benefits of wetland management





TIER 1

IDENTIFICATION of adaptation co-benefits for incorporation into management planning

1. Assess climate hazards for the wetland

2. Shortlist relevant management interventions 3. Identify the adaptation cobenefits corresponding to the selected management interventions





TIER 2

QUANTIFICATION of adaptation co-benefits for leveraging climate finance

- 1. Outcome assessment to demonstrate that management plan contributes to tangible outcomes
- 2. Hazard assessment to understand hazards' characteristics
- 3. Estimation of adaptation cobenefits through comparison of baseline and intervention cases

Key Features



Enable practitioners to assess adaptation co-benefits and incorporate in planning



Mainstream wetland conservation into climate management plans



Build a financial case for leveraging climate finance for wetland management



Identify potential of wetland restoration based on adaptation benefits



Enable effective communication of adaptation benefits of wetlands

Pilot Sites



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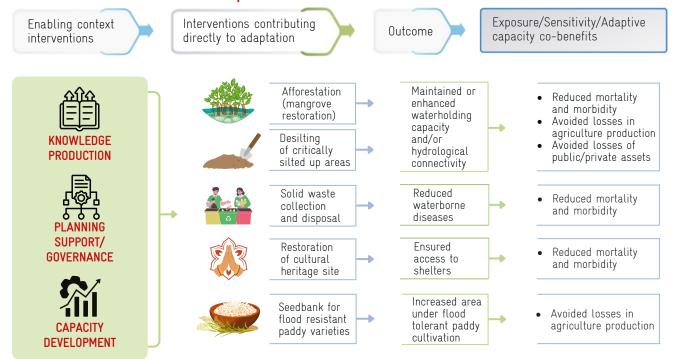


CASE STUDY OF VEMBANAD-KOL, KERALA

Vembanad-Kol one of India's largest **coastal wetland** complexes, spans 1,323 km² and supports over 200,000 people through flood buffering, fisheries, tourism, and unique agricultural practices like Pokalli farming.



Tier 1 Results: Illustration of adaptation and DRR co-benefits



Tier 2 Results: Illustration of quantified DRR co-benefits for a flood event-100 year return period

*Co-benefits are referred to as DRR co-benefits in this case, given that the attribution of the 2018 flood event to climate change is not demonstrated

	Baseline case (2018 flood event)	Intervention case	DRR co- benefits
Mortality and disabled adjusted life years (DALYs)	13 DALYs per year	Desired target value: 0 DALYs per year	Maximum avoided health losses: 13 DALYs per year i.e. 13 years of healthy life by preventing death & disability
Losses in agriculture production (paddy and pokkali)	₹ 29.34 million losses per year	₹ 17.65 million losses incurred per year	₹ 11.74 million losses avoided per year
Avoided losses of private assets	₹ 2.38 million losses per year	₹ 1.19 million losses per year	₹ 1.19 million losses per year

The case study results are based on i) available data on damages associated to the 2018 flooding event in Kerala (100 years return flood) and ii) best available estimates related to the management plan implementation. The results may not be used in different contexts.

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Indo-German Support Project for Climate

Action in India A-2/18, Safdarjung Enclave, New Delhi-

110029, India T: +91 11 4949 5353 E: biodiv.india@giz.de

I: +91 11 4949 5353 E: biodiv.india@giz.de W: www.giz.de/india July 2025 Disclaimer:

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Responsible: Mr Ravindra Singh, Director,

Indo-German Biodiversity Programme

International Climate Initiative of the German Federal

Government

The full report can be accessed at https://www.indogermanbiodiversity.com/ Digital tool for assessing the climate co-benefits of wetland management



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